Suruga Bank Ltd.

Highlights of Financial Results for Q1 of FY3/26

August 7, 2025 フルナ 全民 イマ



FY3/26 Q1 Financial Results – Off to a Steady Start

- > Strong performance in new loan originations and other core business activities
- > Expenses and actual credit costs are also progressing steadily
- > The loan portfolio with a high ratio of floating interest rates also contributed, leading to an expansion in net interest margin

■ New Loan Disbursements



New loan originations continued their growth trajectory, with 30% progress against the full-year plan

	FY6/24 (A)	FY6/25 (B)	Growth rate (B-A) /(A)	FY3/26 Full-year plan (C)	Progress (B)/(C)
Solutions business	16.1	22.6	39%	62.0	36%
Investment real estate loans	20.7	28.7	38%	75.0	38%
Structured finance	19.1	24.5	28%	75.0	32%
Collaboration loans, etc.	11.1	11.6	3%	76.0	15%
Total	67.2	87.5	30%	288.0	30%

^{*}New loan disbursements (acquired) by portfolio area since mid-term business plan 'Re:Start 2025'

XSolutions business: housing loans, unsecured loans, etc.

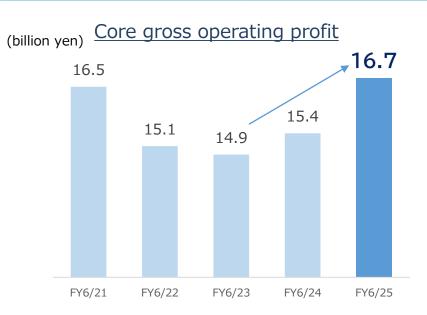
From FY6/25, we have included corporate housing loans in our reporting scope. To ensure comparability, figures from the previous period have also been retrospectively aggregated. However, there were no originations of such loans in the FY6/24 period.

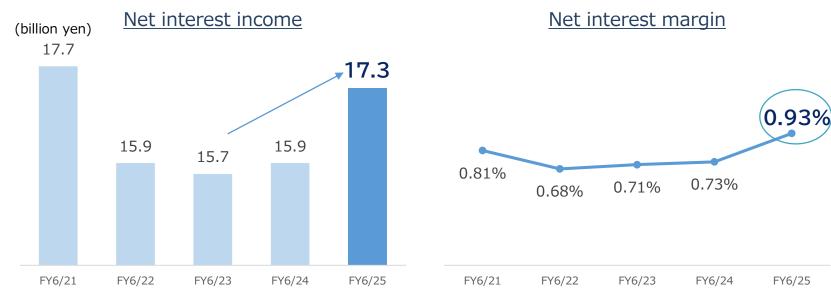
XInvestment real estate loans include those for corporate clients

^{*}Structured finance includes specified corporate bonds, etc., while collaboration loans include monetary claims bought, etc.

■ Enhancement of Profitability

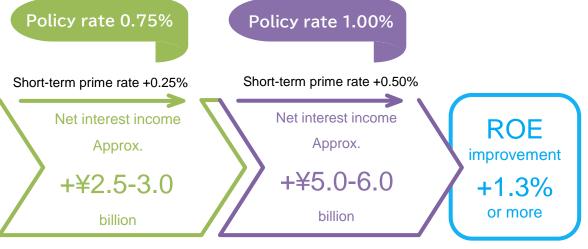






Expenses (OHR) Expenses **─**OHR (billion yen) 64.1% 62.8% 58.3% 61.4% 51.5% 10.1 9.6 9.5 9.0 8.6 FY6/21 FY6/22 FY6/23 FY6/25 FY6/24

<u>Impact of Policy Rate Increases on Net Interest Income</u>



[Calculation Assumptions]

- ·Base portfolio: As of March 31, 2025
- •For details, please refer to the document disclosed separately on May 29, 2025 titled "Suruga Bank Financial Results for FY3/25"

■Q1 Results for FY3/26: Full-year Plan Comparison



Non-consolidated

(billion yen)

		FY3/26 Full-year plan (A)	FY6/25 Results (B)	Progress (B)/(A)
(ex	re gross operating profit cluding gains/loss on cellation of investment trusts)	61.5	16.7	27%
	Of which new business gross profit	24.0	6.7	28%
Exp	penses (-)	35.0	8.6	24%
Act	ual credit costs (-)	(3.5)	(0.9)	_
Gai	n (loss) on securities	(3.0)	(2.5)	_
Orc	linary profit	27.5	6.4	23%
Qua	arterly net income	22.0	5.7	25%

consolidated

Consolidated ordinary profit	27.5	6.6	24%
Profit attributable to owners of parent	22.0	5.4	24%

FY3/26 Q1 Financial Results - Steady Progress

✓ Quarterly Net Income (Non-consolidated) 25% of Full-Year Plan

> Core gross operating profit 27% of Full-Year Plan

24% of Full-Year Plan **Expenses**

Actual credit costs 26% of Full-Year Plan

Gain (loss) on securities Recorded in line with the initial plan

Actual credit costs

				Full-year plan	FY6/25
Ad	Actual credit costs		(3.5)	(0.9)	
	' ' '	ormal nount	Actual credit costs arising from loans without special factors (Includes share house-related loans)	(3.5)	(0.7)
		eventive owances	The below are provisions for subject loans	(0.5)	(0.1)
		who newly st	r some investment real estate loan customers copped repayments following organizational	(3.0)	(0.2)
	Precautionary allowance for claims for restructured loans that are unlikely to be recovered in the future		2.5	0	
	Со	rporate	Actual credit costs arising from corporate loans	0.5	(0)

■ Four Elements Supporting Future Sustainable Growth



Balance of loans and bills discounted

Since September 2023, the balance has reversed from a declining trend to an increase



of loans and bills

> Revenue Base · Strengthening of Risk-Taking Capability **Capital**

> > Adequacy

(Losses)

Asset quality

Through steady efforts toward quality improvement, the ratio of disclosed claims based on the Financial Reconstruction Law has gradually decreased

	End of 3/25	End of 6/25	Change
 atio of disclosed aims to total credits	8.56%	8.22%	(0.34pt)
Excluding organizational negotiation partners	5.02%	4.75%	(0.27pt)

Securities

(billion yen)

		End of 3/25		End o	of 6/25
		Fair value	Unrealized gains (losses)	Fair value	Unrealized gains (losses)
	vailable-for-sale ecurities	324.6	20.4	314.1	28.1
	Stocks	50.9	29.2	52.8	32.5
	Bonds	220.5	(6.5)	245.4	(4.5)
	Multi-asset Fund	37.6	(2.3)		
	Others	15.4	0	15.8	0.1

As of end-June 2025: Securities-to-deposits ratio: 10.1%, Yen bond duration: 4.3 years, Yen bond 100BPV: (¥10.6 billion)

Improved appraisal profit or loss, shortened duration, reduced portfolio risk

Capital adequacy ratio

(billion yen)

	End of 3/25	End of 6/25
Capital Adequacy Ratio	11.27%	11.39%
Total Capital (Core Capital)	259.2	262.5
Risk-Weighted Assets, etc.	2,300.0	2,303.7

Maintaining sufficient capital buffer to enable necessary risk-taking as we transition to a "world with interest."

Deposit Status



We will continue to implement measures to increase deposits and customer assets with "improved stickiness" in mind Individual deposits had been declining due to the impact of branch consolidations and closures, but the deposit decline is showing signs of bottoming out.

Deposit Balance by Customer Type

(billion yen)

		End of Sep. 2024	End of Mar.2025 (A)	End of Jun.2025 (B)	Change from end of prev. quarter (B) - (A)
Тс	tal deposits	3,134.9	3,154.0	3,192.4	+38.3
	Individual	2,557.6	2,518.3	2,529.8	+11.4
	Corporate	418.9	417.9	441.6	+23.6
	Public funds	158.3	217.7	220.9	+3.2

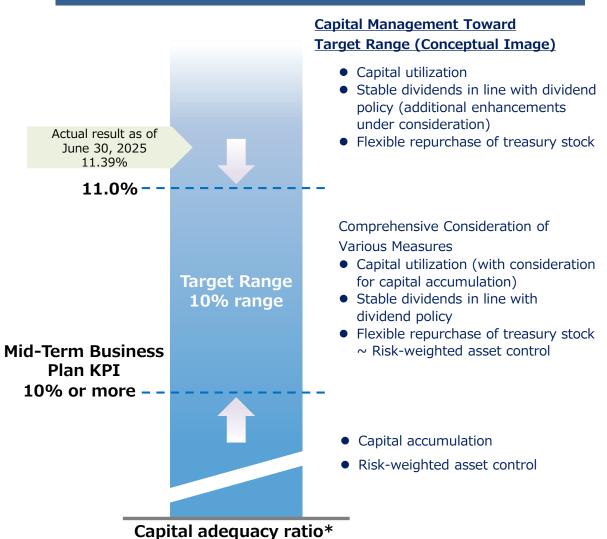
Investment Product Balance in Individual Customer Assets

		End of Sep. 2024	End of Mar.2025 (A)	End of Jun.2025 (B)	Change from end of prev. quarter (B) - (A)
Inv	estment products	136.4	146.0	153.7	+7.6
	Foreign currency deposits	1.0	0.5	0.4	(0)
	Safe custody of government bonds, etc.	7.4	12.0	14.5	+2.4
	Investment trusts	73.4	72.2	74.9	+2.7
	Individual annuity insurance	28.2	33.4	34.8	+1.4
	Single premium whole life insurance	26.3	27.7	28.8	+1.1

Capital Policy



Capital Adequacy Ratio Target Range (End of FY2025)



Dividend

Our basic policy is to maintain stable dividends targeting a dividend payout ratio of approximately 30%

		FY2024 Results	FY2025 forecast
Ann	ual dividend per share (cumulative)	29.0yen	37.0yen
	Of which: Interim dividend	14.5yen	18.5yen
	Of which: Year-end dividend	14.5yen	18.5yen

Treasury Stock Repurchase

As a shareholder return policy that contributes to improved capital efficiency, implementation will be conducted flexibly, taking into consideration business performance and capital conditions, growth investment opportunities, and market environment including stock price.

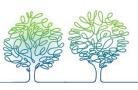
[Status of Repurchase of Treasury Stocks disclosed in May 2025]

	Plan	Cumulative acquisitions as of August 6, 2025
Number of shares to be repurchased	12,500,000 shares (maximum)	6,867,300 shares
Acquisition cost	¥15.0 billion (maximum)	¥8.2 billion
Repurchase period	May 13, 2025, to January 31, 2026	

Note: For details, please refer to the document disclosed separately on May 12, 2025 titled "Announcement Regarding Repurchase of Treasury Stock, Tender Offer for Own Shares, and Market Purchase" and "Notice Regarding Status of Repurchase of Treasury Stocks" disclosed on August 7, 2025

^{*}Non-consolidated: Any unrealized loss on securities valuation difference will be deducted from core capital

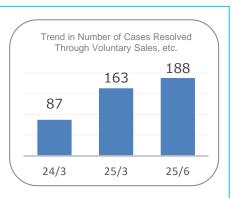
■ Investment Real Estate Loans (Status of Organizational Negotiation Partners)



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After approximately six years of repayment support and consultation efforts, about 60% of the 37,907 properties surveyed have a loan balance of zero, and about 40% are maintaining loan repayment. However, organizational negotiations are being conducted with Suruga Bank on 743 properties* (2.0% of 37,907), and we will continue to take appropriate measures to resolve these issues.



*Due to voluntary sales and other factors, 188 properties were no longer in organizational negotiations from the end of September 2022 to the end of June 2025.

Basic Approach to Future Actions

- From the viewpoint of achieving early settlements, we are actively cooperating in clarifying loan circumstances in certain types of cases where the banks are likely to be found liable in tort in a lawsuit.
- Furthermore, there have been several cases in which the sale of investment real estate has led to full repayment, and we are also moving forward with proposals to consider voluntary sales.
- With regard to investment real estate loan cases, each case has its own very individual qualities, and we believe it is necessary to consider the unique circumstances of each case individually when determining whether and to what degree there is an obligation to compensate for damages.

[⇒]The coverage status for claims under organizational negotiation has a 99% coverage ratio through collateral and loan loss provisions

Reference Materials

■Q1 Results for FY3/26: YoY Comparison



Non-consolidated (billion yen)

	FY6/24 (A)	FY6/25 (B)	YoY (B)-(A)
Core gross operating profit (excluding gains/losses from investment trust cancellations)	15.4	16.7	+1.3
Of which new business gross profit	4.5	6.7	+2.2
Expenses (-)	9.0	8.6	(0.3)
Actual credit costs (-)	(1.2)	(0.9)	+0.2
Gain (loss) on securities	(0)	(2.5)	(2.5)
Ordinary profit	7.5	6.4	(1.0)
Quarterly net income	6.8	5.7	(1.1)

Consolidated (billion yen)

	FY6/24 (A)	FY6/25 (B)	YoY (B)-(A)
Consolidated ordinary revenue	22.2	26.0	+3.7
Consolidated ordinary profit	7.5	6.6	(0.9)
Quarterly net income attributable to owners of parent	6.8	5.4	(1.3)

Reference: page 11

Gain (loss) on securities

- In response to financial market conditions, we fully redeemed multi-asset funds carrying appraisal losses, resulting in a 3.9 billion yen loss.
- We also booked 1.4 billion yen in gains from sales of policy shareholdings as part of our cross-shareholding reduction initiative.

Actual credit costs (Non-consolidated)

				FY6/24	FY6/25
Ac	Actual credit costs		(1.2)	(0.9)	
	Normal Actual credit costs arising from loans without special factors (Includes share house-related loans)		(0.6)	(0.7)	
	Preventive allowances The below are provisions for subject loans		(0.6)	(0.1)	
	Provisions for some investment real estate loan customers who newly stopped repayments following organizational negotiations		(0.6)	(0.2)	
	Precautionary allowance for claims for restructured loans that are unlikely to be recovered in the future		0	0	
	Corporate Actual credit costs arising from corporate loans		0	(0)	

■ Financial Results for Q1 FY3/26: YoY Comparison Details



(billion yen) Non-consolidated

	FY 6/24 Results (A)	FY 6/25 Results (B)	YoY comparison (B) - (A)
Core gross operating profit (excluding gains/losses from investment trust cancellations)	15.4	16.7	+1.3
Of which new business gross profit	4.5	6.7	+2.2
Expenses (-)	9.0	8.6	(0.3)
Personnel expenses	3.3	3.5	+0.2
Actual credit costs (-)	(1.2)	(0.9)	+0.2
Gain (loss) on securities	(0)	(2.5)	(2.5)
Other non-recurring gains (losses)	(0)	(0)	(0)
Ordinary profit	7.5	6.4	(1.0)
Extraordinary gains (losses)	0.5	0.3	(0.2)
Quarterly net income	6.8	5.7	(1.1)
Consolidated			(billion yen)
Consolidated ordinary income	22.2	26.0	+3.7
Consolidated ordinary profit	7.5	6.6	(0.9)
Profit attributable to owners of parent	6.8	5.4	(1.3)

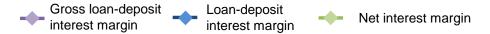
Main factors contributing to changes [non-consolidated, YoY comparison]

	Increase in interest on loans and bills discounted: +1.4 billion yen			
Net interest income	(Average balance factor: +0.8 billion yen, Yield factor: +0.5 billion yen)			
(+1.4billion yen)	Increase in interest and dividends on securities: +0.3 billion yen			
Net fees and commissions (-0billion yen)	Increase in loan-related fees: +0.3 billion yen Increase in group credit life insurance premiums: +0.3 billion yen			
Expenses (-0.3billion yen)	Decrease in property expenses: -0.4 billion yen Increase in Personnel expenses: +0.2 billion yen			
Actual credit costs (+0.2billion yen)	Normal amount: -0 billion yen Preventive allowances: +0.3 billion yen			
	Extraordinary gains			
Extraordinary gains (losses)	Deemed dividend resulting from subsidiary reorganization: +0.4 billion yen			
Extractantary gamo (103903)	Gains on disposal of fixed assets: -0.7 billion yen Extraordinary losses (-)			
(-0.2billion yen) • Losses on disposal of fixed assets: -0.1 billion yen				

■ Interest margin, etc.

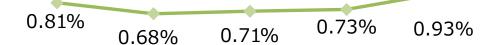


Interest margin



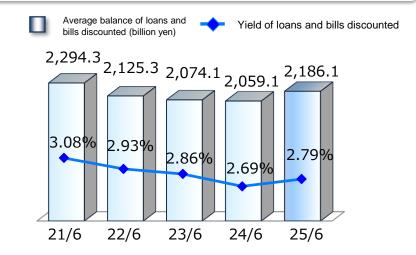




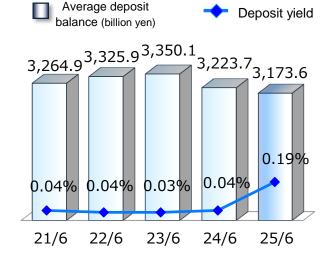




Yield and average balance of loans and bills discounted



Deposit yield and average deposit balance



■ Loan Balance, Yield, and Delinquency Rate (Non-consolidated)



	Jun.2024			Jun.2025			
	Balance	Yield	Delinquency rate	Balance	Yield	Delinquency rate	
Secured loans	1,402.0	2.91%	7.12%	1,290.0	3.16%	6.95%	
Housing loans	422.2	2.52%	0.35%	416.4	2.76%	0.19%	
Investment real estate loans	948.9	3.05%	10.36%	843.2	3.32%	10.54%	
Other secured loans	30.8	4.00%	0.25%	30.2	4.14%	0.11%	
Unsecured loans	110.0	10.48%	1.66%	100.3	10.50%	1.20%	
Card loans	80.8	11.58%	0.57%	76.7	11.39%	0.40%	
Unsecured certificate loans	29.1	7.44%	4.68%	23.6	7.63%	3.78%	
Personal loans (A)	1,512.0	3.46%	6.72%	1,390.3	3.69%	6.54%	
Personal loans (excluding organizational negotiation partners, etc.) (F)	1,419.2		1.21%	1,305.0		0.82%	
Corporate real estate loans (B)	112.3	1.68%	-	186.8	1.97%	_	
Structured finance, etc. (C)	193.5	2.39%	_	276.1	2.80%	_	
Collaboration loans, etc. (D)	146.5	2.21%	0.03%	180.1	2.40%	0.00%	
Total (E = A + B + C + D)	1,964.4	3.16%	5.18%	2,033.5	3.30%	4.47%	

[•] Delinquency rate = Loans past due for three months or more / loan balance.

^{*} Yield: Yield to customers (before guarantee fees and accrued interest), end-of-year balance basis

[•] Classified by portfolio area in the mid-term business plan Re:Start 2025

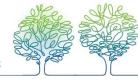
From FY6/25, "Corporate Real Estate Loans" encompasses both the existing corporate investment real estate loans and the newly added corporate housing loans.

To ensure comparability, figures from the previous period have also been retrospectively aggregated. However, there were no results of such loans in the FY6/24 period. "Structured finance" includes specified corporate bonds, etc.

[&]quot;Collaboration loans" are loans made jointly or in partnership with other companies (loan participations, purchases of corporate loans, etc.)

^{*} Organizational negotiation partners, etc. refers to loans to borrowers who have submitted a request for suspension of repayments as a result of organizational negotiations

■ Disclosed Claims Based on the Financial Reconstruction Law (Non-consolidated)



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Disclosed Claims based on the Financial Reconstruction Law (As of June 30, 2025)

(billion yen)

	Balance	Total coverage amount	Portion secured by collateral or guarantees, etc.	Allowance for loan losses	Coverage ratio	
Claims against bankrupt and substantially bankrupt obligors	99.6	99.6	38.8	60.8	100%	
Claims with collection risk	56.4	40.6	23.6	16.9	71.9%	
Claims for special attention	25.7	13.6	8.4	5.2	53.0%	
Total	181.8	153.8	70.9	82.9	84.6%	

Ratio of disclosed claims to total credit (disclosed claim ratio) 8.2%

Ratio of disclosed claims excluding organizational negotiation partners : 4.7%

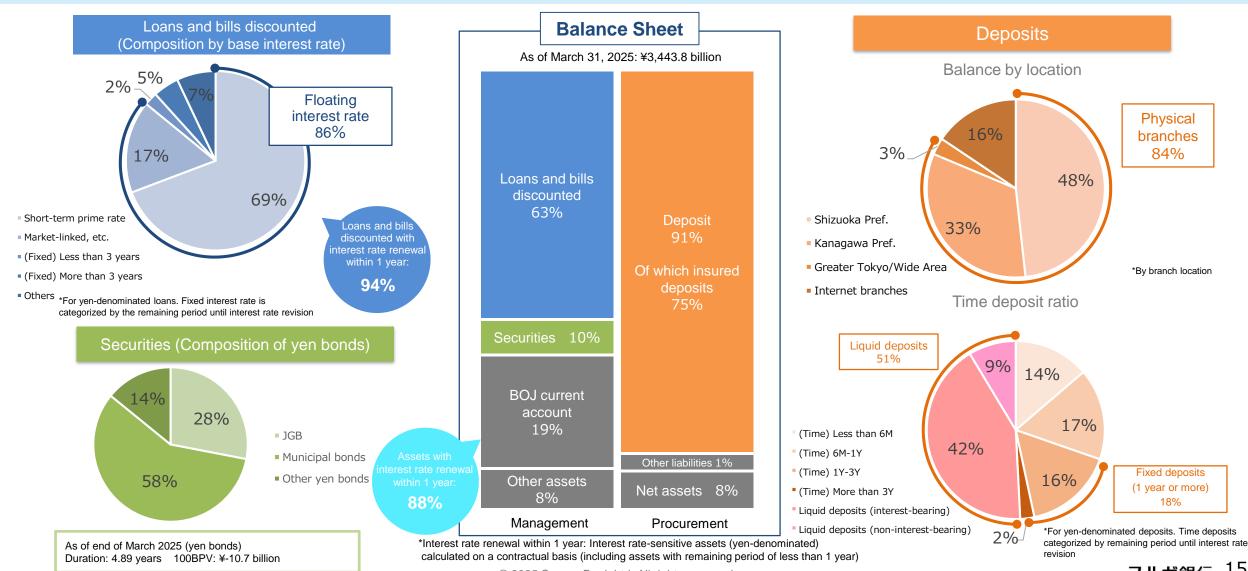
Organizational negotiation partners among Financial Reconstruction Law disclosed claims

	Balance	Total coverage amount	Portion secured by collateral or guarantees, etc.	Allowance for loan losses	Coverage ratio	
Organizational negotiation partners, etc.	80.7	80.7	28.4	52.3	99.9%	

■ Loan Portfolio with High Floating Interest Rate Ratio



We have constructed a loan portfolio centered on floating interest rates, which positively impacts earnings when interest rates rise





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